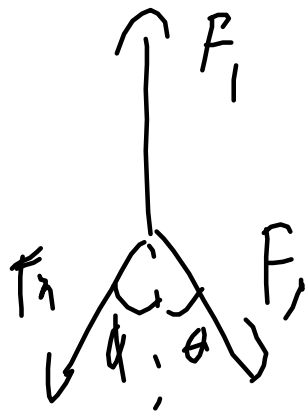


Lab calculations

Projectile theory

Scale 1 cm = 1 N



free body

$$F_{1y} = +F_1$$

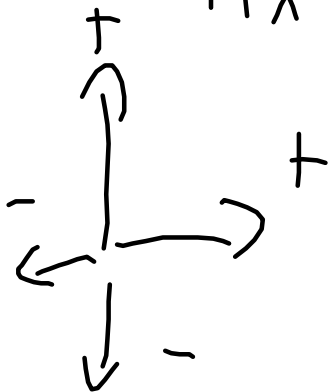
$$F_{1x} = 0$$

$$F_{2y} = -F_2 \cos \theta$$

$$F_{2x} = F_2 \sin \theta$$

$$F_{3y} = -F_3 \cos \phi$$


$$F_{3x} = -F_3 \sin \phi$$



eg. A boat is moving at 5.0 m/s in a fast flowing river flowing at 3.0 m/s. What is the

resultant speed and time to cross the 50.0m wide river if $\vec{Velocity} = speed + direction$

a) the boat points directly across



$$V_r = \sqrt{V_b^2 + V_s^2}$$


$$= \sqrt{3^2 + 5^2} = 5.83 \text{ m/s}$$

Ignore stream speed

$$\frac{50\text{m}}{5 \text{ m/s}} = \boxed{10 \text{ s}}$$

perpendicular vectors are generally analyzed independently
(some exceptions, Relativity - V_x influences the time of V_y , or fluid dynamics, V_x influences the V_y lift)

a) the boat points upstream so the resultant velocity is directly across



$$V_r = \sqrt{V_b^2 - V_s^2} = \sqrt{5^2 - 3^2}$$

$$= 4.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t = \frac{d}{V} = \frac{50}{4} = \boxed{12.5 \text{ s}}$$

a) the boat points 42.1° off the shore pointing downstream.



42.1°



$$V_r^2 = 5^2 + 3^2 - 2(5)(3)\cos(180 - 42.1)$$

$$V_r = 7.5 \text{ m/s} \quad \frac{\sin \alpha}{V_S} = \frac{\sin \theta}{V_r}$$

$$\phi = ? \quad 42.1^\circ - \alpha$$

$$\alpha = \sin^{-1} \frac{V_S \sin \theta}{V_r}$$

$$\alpha = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{3 \sin(180 - 42.1)}{7.5} \right)$$

$$\alpha =$$

$$\text{Asin}(3 \times \sin(180 - 42.1) / 7.5) = 15.55543867811472$$

$$42.1 - 15.555 = 26.545$$

so the boat moves at 7.5 m/s 26.5° to the shore going downstream.

Work on your lab

next class bring usb or computer with
capstone and Quicktime custom
installed with java enabled

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?
v=abUBrQml33Q](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=abUBrQml33Q)

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?
v=cxvsHNRXLjw](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cxvsHNRXLjw)